Jet-Ag 5%®

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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name Jet-Ag® 5% Peracetic Acid

1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Function A fungicide, bactericide, and algaecide for agricultural uses

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Jet Harvest Solutions

P.O. Box 915139 Longwood, FL 32791

Telephone 407-523-7842

Telefax 407-298-2377

Email address products@bio-save.com

1.4. 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

CHEMTREC - US &

CANADA:

800-424-9300

CHEMTREC MEXICO: 01-800-681-9531

CHEMTREC +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

INTERNATIONAL:

Product Regulatory

407-523-7842

Services

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Oxidizing liquids Category 2 H272 Corrosive to metals H290 Category 1 Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4 H302 Acute toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4 H332 Acute toxicity (Dermal) Category 4 H312 Skin corrosion Category 1A H314 Serious eye damage Category 1 H318 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 H335

(Respiratory system)

2.2. Label elements

Statutory basis Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

(GHS)

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hazard-defining component(s) (GHS)

- · hydrogen peroxide solution
- Acetic acid
- · Peracetic acid

Symbol(s)



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement H272 - May intensify fire; oxidiser

H290 - May be corrosive to metals.

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement:

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials. P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

P234 - Keep only in original packaging.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Precautionary statement:

Reaction

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical

or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P391 - Collect spillage.

Precautionary statement:

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P406 - Store in corrosive resistant stainless steel container with a resistant inner

liner.

Precautionary statement:

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental hazard information / Label elements

2.3. Other hazards

Risk of decomposition in contact with incompatible substances, impurities, metals, alkalis, reducing agents. Danger of decomposition if exposed to heat see also section 10.

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Use biocides safely. Always read the label and product information before use. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature

Preparation of perethanoic acid, hydrogen peroxide, ethanoic acid and water in balance.

Peracetic acid	4.5% - 5.4%
CAS-No. 79-21-0 Flammable liquids Organic peroxides Acute toxicity (Oral) Acute toxicity (Inhalation) Acute toxicity (Dermal) Skin corrosion Serious eye damage Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respir Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity M-factor (aquatic, acute) 1 M-factor (aquatic, 10 chronic)	Category 3 Type D Category 3 Category 3 Category 4 Category 1A Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 3 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1
hydrogen peroxide solution	20% - 30%
CAS-No. 7722-84-1 Oxidizing liquids Acute toxicity (Oral) Skin corrosion Serious eye damage Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respir Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1 Category 4 Category 1A Category 1 Category 1 Category 3 Category 2 Category 3
Acetic acid	6% - 10%
CAS-No. 64-19-7 Flammable liquids Skin corrosion Serious eye damage	Category 3 Category 1A Category 1

Other information

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice

Pay attention to self-protection.

Remove victims from hazardous area. Immediately remove soiled or soaked clothing and remove it to a safe distance. Keep victim warm, in a stabilized position and covered.

Do not leave victims unattended.

If the casualty is unconscious: Place the victim in the recovery position.

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Inhalation

Potential for exposure by inhalation if aerosols or mists are generated.

Move victims into fresh air.

With labored breathing: Provide with oxygen. Consult a doctor.

If the casualty is not breathing: Perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation, notify emergency physician immediately.

Skin contact

Wash off affected area immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

If symptoms persist, consult a physician for treatment.

Eve contact

With eye held open, thoroughly rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes.

Consult an ophthalmologist immediately if the symptoms persist.

When dealing with caustic substances, notify emergency physician immediately (key words: burns in eye).

Ingestion

Rinse mouth.

Immediately give large quantities of water to drink.

Obtain medical attention.

When dealing with caustic substances, notify emergency physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Irritation of skin and mucous membranes

Causes burns.

daze.

headache, vertigo, somnolence (drowsiness), nausea.

Health injuries may be delayed.

Hazards

Srongly irritating to corrosive.

Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

The initial focus is only on the local action, characterized by quickly progressing deep tissue damage. In the eye, caustic/ irritating and harmful liquids cause, depending on the intensity of exposure, various levels of irritation, destruction, and ablation of the epithelium of the conjunctiva and cornea, corneal clouding, edema and ulcerations.

Danger! Possible loss of eyesight!

Superficial irritations and damage up to ulcerations and scarring develop on the skin.

After accidental absorption in the body, the pathology and clinical findings are dependent on the kinetics of the substance (quantity of absorbed substance, the absorption time, and the effectiveness of early elimination measures (first aid)/ excretion - metabolism).

A specific action of the substance is unknown.

In case of substances with high water solubility, irritations up to formation of necrosis in the upper respiratory tract may result after inhalation of caustic/ irritating aerosols and mists.

The initial focus is on the local action: signs of irritation of the respiratory tract such as coughing, burning behind the sternum, tears, burning in the eyes or nose.

There is a risk of pulmonary edema!

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. **Extinguishing media**

water spray, Foam, dry powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2) Suitable extinguishing media:

Unsuitable extinguishing media: organic compounds

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contact with the following substances may cause inflammation: flammable substances.

Involved in fire, it may decompose yielding oxygen.

Risk of overpressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces and pipes.

Release of oxygen may support combustion. In case of fire, remove the endangered containers and bring to a safe place, if this can be done safely. Keep away from heat.

If necessary:

In the case of fire, cool the containers that are at risk with water or dilute with water (flooding).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep out unprotected persons.

Keep unauthorized persons away.

Water used to extinguish fire should not enter drainage systems, soil or stretches of water.

Ensure there are sufficient retaining facilities for water used to extinguish fire.

Contaminated fire-extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with the regulations issued by the appropriate local authorities.

Fire residues should be disposed of in accordance with the regulations.

In the case of fire, wear respiratory protective equipment independent of surrounding air and chemical protective suit.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Product causes chemical burns. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep out unprotected persons. Keep unauthorized persons away. Wear personal protective equipment; see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Observe regulations on prevention of water pollution (collect, dam up, cover up)., Do not allow to run into water channels, surface water, or into the ground. Obey relevant local, state, provincial and federal laws and regulations. Do not contaminate any lakes, streams, rivers, groundwater or soil.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep away from incompatible substances. Keep away from flammable substances. see section 10. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Recommended cleaning agent: water. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with the regulations. see section 13. With small amounts: Dilute product with lots of water and rinse away. see section 12. or Absorb with liquid-binding material, e. g.: chemisorption, diatomaceous earth, universal binder Do not use: textiles, saw dust, combustible substances. Pick up mechanically. Collect in suitable containers.

Additional advice

Make safe or remove all sources of ignition.

Isolate defective containers immediately, if possible and safe to do.

Shut off leak, if possible and safe to do.

Place defective containers in waste receptacle (waste packaging receptacle) made of plastic (not metal). Do not seal defective containers or waste receptacles airtight (danger of bursting due to product decomposition).

Product taken out should not be returned into container.

Never return spilled product into its original container for re-use. (Risk of decomposition.).

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe in vapours, aerosols, sprays. Wear personal protective equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid impurities and heat effect. Ensure there is good room ventilation. Immediately change moistened and saturated work clothes. Immediately rinse contaminated or saturated clothing with water. Never return spilled product into its original container for re-use. (Risk of decomposition.). Provide for installation of emergency shower and eye bath. Set up safety and operation procedures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Avoid sun rays, heat, heat effect.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Keep away from flammable substances.

Keep away from incompatible substances.

see section 10.

To cool, spray closed containers with water spray jet. In case of fire, remove the endangered containers and bring to a safe place, if this can be done safely.

see section 5.

Storage

cool, well ventilated, clean, lockable.

Recommendation: Acid-proof floor.

Use adequate venting devices on all packages, containers and tanks and check correct operation periodically.

Do not confine product in unvented vessels or between closed valves.

Risk of overpressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces and pipes.

Check containers and tanks at regular intervals to detect any special changes such as pressure build-up (distension), damage, leakage.

Transport and store container in upright position only.

Do not empty container by means of pressure.

Always close container tightly after removal of product.

Do not keep the container sealed.

Ensure tightness at all times. Avoid leackage.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Only use containers which are specially permitted for: Peracetic acid.

and/or

For transport, storage and tank installations only use suitable materials.

Suitable materials stainless steel (1.4571)

Suitable materials polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC),

Suitable materials polytetrafluoroethylene, glass, ceramics.

Unsuitable materials Mild steel, Iron, Copper, brass, Bronze, Aluminium, zinc.

Further information

Avoid sun rays, heat, heat effect.

Avoid impurities. see also section 15.

Regularly verify the availability of water to deal with emergencies (for cooling, tank flooding, fire fighting) and check correct operation periodically.

For detailed information on design specifications for the construction of tank- and dosing installations ask the producer for advice.

Advice on common storage

Do not store together with: alkalis, reductants, metallic salts (risk of decomposition).

Do not store together with: inflammable substances (risk of fire).

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Peracetic acid		
hydrogen perd	oxide solution	
CAS-No. Control parameters	7722-84-1 1 ppm	Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)
Control parameters	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	Permissible exposure limit:(OSHA Z1)
Control parameters	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):(US CA OEL)
Acetic acid		
CAS-No. Control parameters	64-19-7 15 ppm	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):(ACGIH)
Control parameters	10 ppm	Time Weighted Average (TWA):(ACGIH)
Control parameters	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Permissible exposure limit:(OSHA Z1)
Control parameters	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):(US CA OEL)
Control parameters	40 ppm	Ceiling Limit Value:(US CA OEL)
Control parameters	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):(US CA OEL)

Other information

Suitable measuring processes are:

Hydrogen peroxide

OSHA method ID 006

OSHA method VI-6

Acetic acid

NIOSH method 1603 OSHA method ID 186

DNEL/DMEL values

Remarks No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted

for this product.

PNEC values

Remarks No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted

for this product.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure suitable suction/aeration at the work place and with operational machinery. Provide for installation of emergency shower and eye bath. see also section 7.

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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Do not inhale vapour, aerosols, mist.

If workplace exposure limit is exceeded apply Respiratory protective equipment.

wear a self contained respiratory apparatus

If necessary: Local ventilation.

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 or applicable federal/provincial requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. NIOSH's "Respirator Decision Logic" may be useful in determining the suitability of various types of respirators.

Note time limit for wearing respiratory protective equipment.

Hand protection

Glove material Polychloroprene (PCP), for example: Camapren 720, Kächele-Cama Latex GmbH

(KCL), Germany

Material thickness 0.65 mm
Break through time > 480 min
Method DIN EN 374

disposable gloves

Glove material Natural Rubber/Natural latex (NR)

Material thickness
Break through time > 480 min

Method DIN EN 374

The above mentioned hand protection is based on knowledge of the chemistry and anticipated uses of this product but it may not be appropriate for all workplaces. A hazard assessment should be conducted prior to use to ensure suitability of gloves for specific work environments and processes prior to use. Use impermeable gloves.

Personal protective equipment that provides a barrier to prevent dermal exposure to this substance is required.

Eye protection

Use chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection

Wear protective clothing, acid-proof.

Suitable materials are:

PVC, neoprene, nitrile rubber (NBR), rubber.

Rubber or plastic boots

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not inhale vapour, aerosols, mist.

Ensure there is good room ventilation.

Avoid contaminating clothes with product.

Immediately change moistened and saturated work clothes.

Immediately rinse contaminated or saturated clothing with water.

Any contaminated protective equipment is to be cleaned after use.

Protective measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

The work-place related airborne concentrations have to be kept below of the indicated exposure limits. If workplace exposure limits are exceeded and/or larger amounts are released (leakage, spilling, dust) the indicated respiratory protection should be used.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

physical state liquid

Colour colourless, clear

Form liquid Odour stinging

Odour Threshold No data available

pH ca. 0.6 (20 °C)

Medium: Product

Melting point/range ca. -28 °C

Boiling point/range not applicable

decomposition

> 60 °C

Flash point Method: ISO 2719

not measureable (formation of foam)

not applicable

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Lower explosion limit no data available

Upper explosion limit no data available

Vapour pressure ca. 27 hPa (20 °C)

Vapour density No data available

Relative density No data available

Density ca. 1.12 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Water solubility completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -1.25

octanol/water

(calculated)

Autoignition temperature 395 °C

Method: DIN 51 794

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Thermal decomposition >= 60 °C

self-accelerating decomposition

Viscosity, dynamic not determined

Viscosity, kinematic ca. 1.19 mm2/s (20 °C)

Method: DIN 51 562

9.2. Other information

Explosiveness No data available

Oxidizing properties not oxidizing

Method: UN Test O.2 (oxidizing liquids)

Surface tension ca. 53 mN/m(20 °C)

Method: ISO 3696

Bulk density not applicable

Metal corrosion Corrosive to metals

speed of hydrolysis half-life period: 48 h (25 °C) (pH 4)

Method: 92/69/EEC, C.7

half-life period: 48 h (25 °C) (pH 7)

Method: 92/69/EEC, C.7

half-life period: 3.6 h $(25 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ (pH 9)

Method: 92/69/EEC, C.7

tested substance: peracetic acid

Other information oxidising agent

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Risk of self-accelerating, exothermic decomposition with the development of oxygen, at, Effect of thermal energy / heat.

Product is a(n) oxidizing agent and reactive.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Product is supplied in stabilised form.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

When coming in contact with the product, impurities, decomposition catalysts, metallic salts, alkalis, reducing agents may lead to self-accelerated, exothermic decomposition and the formation of oxygen.

Risk of overpressure and burst due to decomposition in confined spaces

and pipes.

Release of oxygen may support combustion.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

sun rays, heat, heat effect

10.5. Incompatible materials

Impurities, decomposition catalysts, metal salts, alkalis, reducing substances., metals, nonferrous heavy metal, aluminium, zinc., Possible hazardous reaction: decomposition. Flammable materials, Possible hazardous reaction: Spontaneous ignition. organic solvents, Possible hazardous reaction: Danger of explosion.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

decomposition products Under conditions of thermal decomposition: Steam, Oxygen, Acetic acid

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Method: Expert judgement

Method: Expert judgement

Skin irritation Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Eye irritation Irreversible effects on the eye

Assessment of STOT single

exposure

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

Toxicological information on components

Peracetic acid

Acute oral toxicity LD50 Rat(male/female): 50 - 500 mg/kg

Method: analogy OECD TG 401
Test substance: peracetic acid 35 %

LD50 Rat(female): 1859 mg/kg

Method: analogy OECD TG 401
Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 Rat(male/female): 4.08 mg/l / 4 h / Aerosol

Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

RD50 Mouse(male): 0.012 mg/l / 1 h / vapour

Test substance: Peracetic acid 36 %

literature

LC50 Rat(male): > 0.5 mg/l / 4 h / vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Test substance: Peracetic acid 36 %

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Acute dermal toxicity LD50 Rabbit(female): 1040 mg/kg

Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

LD50 Rabbit(male/female): 1957 mg/kg

Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 12 %

LD50 Rabbit(female): 1990 mg/kg
Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 12 %

LD50 Rabbit(male): 1912 mg/kg
Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 12 %

Skin irritation Rabbit / 4 h

Corrosive

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

Eye irritation Rabbit

Corrosive

Method: US-EPA-method
Test substance: peracetic acid 17 %

Sensitization Maximization test guinea pig: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Test substance: peracetic acid 10 %

Repeated dose toxicity Oral Rat(male/female) / 13 weeks

Testing period: 92 - 93 d
NOAEL: 1.17 mg/kg
Method: OECD 408

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Assessment of STOT single

exposure

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

Assessment of STOT repeat

exposure

Risk of aspiration toxicity

no evidence for hazardous properties

Not relevant

Gentoxicity in vitro

Ames test Salmonella typhimurium

negative

Metabolic activation: with or without Method: OECD 471

Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

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HGPRT-Test Chinese hamster (V 79 -cells)

negative

Metabolic activation: with or without Method: OECD 476

Test substance: peracetic acid 11 %

chromosomal aberration Chinese hamster (V 79 -cells)

negative

Metabolic activation: with or without Method: OECD 473

Test substance: peracetic acid 11 %

Unscheduled DNA synthesis -test (UDS) human diploid fibroblasts

negative

Metabolic activation: without

Method: OECD TG 482
Test substance: peracetic acid 42 %

literature

Gentoxicity in vivo Micronucleus test Mouse Oral 30 hours

negative

Method: OECD TG 474
Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

chromosomal aberration Mouse Oral

negative

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

Unscheduled DNA synthesis -test (UDS) Rat Oral

negative

Method: OECD TG 486
Test substance: peracetic acid 5 %

Carcinogenicity No data available

not mutagenic

Toxicity to reproduction Prenatal development toxicity study Oral Rat / 14 days

NOAEL (No Observed 12.5 mg/kg

Adverse Effect Level) of

parents:

NOAEL F1: 30.4 mg/kg
Method: OECD TG 414

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.53 mg/l / 96 h

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: OECD TG 203

Toxicity in aquatic EC50 static test Daphnia magna: 0.73 mg/l / 48 h

invertebrates Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae EC50 static test Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (aglae): 0.16 mg/l / 72

h

End point: growth rate

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: US-EPA-method

NOEC static test Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (aglae): 0.061 mg/l /

72 h

End point: growth rate

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: US-EPA-method

Toxicity to bacteria EC50 static test Activated sludge: 38.6 mg/l / 3 h

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: OECD 209

EC50 static test Activated sludge: 5.1 mg/l / 3 h

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: OECD 209

chronic toxicity in fish NOEC flow-through test Danio rerio: 0.00094 mg/l / 33 d

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: OECD TG 210

chronic toxicity in daphnia NOEC semi-static test Daphnia magna: 0.05 mg/l / 21 d

Test substance: peracetic acid 100 %

Method: OECD 211

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic

inoculum: activated sludge Exposure time: 28 d

Result: 98 % Readily biodegradable.
Test substance: peracetic acid 40 %

Method: OECD TG 301 E

At non-bacteriotoxic concentrations

aerobic

inoculum: activated sludge Exposure time: 3 min

Result: 100 % Totally biodegradable Test substance: peracetic acid 40 %

Method: OECD TG 209

AOX The product does not contain any organically bonded halogen.

Further Information Under ambient conditions quick hydrolysis, Reduction or decomposition

occurs.

The following substances are formed: oxygen, water, acetic acid.

Acetic acid is easily biodegradable

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation low

log Pow: see chapter 9

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Further Information Does not contain any heavy metals and compounds from EC directive

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e.g. arsenic-, lead

cadmium Mercury

organic halogen compounds

organic compounds

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with local, state, provincial and federal laws and regulations. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue.

Uncleaned packaging

Rinse empty containers before disposal; recommended cleaning agent: water.

Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport information

D.O.T. Road/Rail

14.1. UN number: UN 3149

14.2. UN proper shipping name: Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixtures, stabilized

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
14.4. Packing group:
14.5. Environmental hazards
5.1 (8)
14.5. Yes

(Marine pollutant):

14.6. Special precautions for user: Yes

ROAD: FOR USA ONLY: When shipping in, by or via USA note of the Reportable Quantity-

(CFR) Regulation!

RAIL: FOR USA ONLY: When shipping in, by or via USA note of the Reportable Quantity-

(CFR) Regulation!

Protect from thermal radiation.

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Air transport ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR

14.1. UN number: UN 3149

14.2. UN proper shipping name: Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture, stabilized

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
14.4. Packing group:
14.5. Environmental hazards:
14.6. Special precautions for user:
Yes

IATA-C: FOR USA ONLY: When shipping in, by or via USA note of the Reportable Quantity-

Regulation!

IATA-P: FOR USA ONLY: When shipping in, by or via USA note of the Reportable Quantity-

Regulation!

Protect from thermal radiation.

Sea transport IMDG-Code/GGVSee (Germany)

14.1. UN number: UN 3149

14.2. UN proper shipping name: HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID

MIXTURE, STABILIZED

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):
14.4. Packing group:
14.5. Environmental hazards (Marine pollutant):
5.1 (8)
II
Yes

politiant).

14.6. Special precautions for user:

EmS:

Yes
F-H,S-Q

Protect from heat. Separate from metal powders and permangan ates.

"Separated from" permanganates and class 4.1.

FOR USA ONLY: When shipping in, by or via USA note of the Reportable Quantity-Regulation!

Protect from thermal radiation.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

for transportapproval see regulatory information

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

FIFRA

This chemical may be used as a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals:

DANGER CORROSIVE

CAUSES IRREVERESIBLE EYE DAMAGE AND SKIN BURNS.
MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN.
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

Physical and Chemical Hazards: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

Environmental Hazards:

THIS PESTICIDE IS TOXIC TO BIRDS, FISH, AND AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES.

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OSHA

If listed below, chemical specific standards apply to the product or components:

None listed

Clean Air Act Section (112)

If listed below, components present at or above the de minimus level are hazardous air pollutants:

None listed

CERCLA Reportable Quantities

If listed below, a reportable quantity (RQ) applies to the product based on the percent of the named component:

Acetic acid

CAS-No. **64-19-7**

Reportable Quantity 73529 lbs

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Hazard Categories

The product meets the criteria only for the listed hazard classes:

Acute Health Hazard

SARA Title III Section 313 Reportable Substances

If listed below, components are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

Peracetic acid

CAS-No. **79-21-0**

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

If listed below, non-proprietary substances are subject to export notification under Section 12 (b) of TSCA:

None listed

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

A warning under the California Drinking Water Act is required only if listed below:

None listed

International Chemical Inventory Status

Unless otherwise noted, this product is in compliance with the inventory listing of the countries shown below. For information on listing for countries not shown, contact the Product Regulatory Services Department.

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Europe (EINECS/ELINCS) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

USA (TSCA) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

Canada (DSL) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

Philippines (PICCS) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

New Zealand listed/registered

all ingredients listed

Korea listed/registered all ingredients listed

China listed/registered

all ingredients listed

Australia (AICS) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

Japan (MITI) listed/registered

all ingredients listed

An employer using HMIS/NFPA labeling must through training ensure that its employees are fully aware of the hazards of the chemicals used.

HMIS Ratings

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 2

NFPA Ratings

Health: 3
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 2

16. Other information

Further information

Further information Data for the production of the safety data sheet from the studies available

and from the literature.

Further information about the characteristics of the product can be found

in the product code of practice or in the Product-Brochure.

Further information about the characteristics of the product can be found

in the product code of practice or in the Product-Brochure .

Revision date 02/22/16

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

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Legend

ACC American Chemistry Council

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists

ACS Advisory Committee on Sustainability

ADI Acceptable Daily Intake

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

ATP Adaptation to Technical Progress

BCF Bioconcentration factor
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

c.c. closed cup

CAO Cargo Aircraft Only

Carc Carcinogen

CAS Chemical Abstract Services

CDN Canada

CEPA Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response – Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CMR carcinogenic-mutagenic-toxic for reproduction

COD Chemical oxygen demand

DIN German Institute for Standardization
DMEL Derived minimum effect level
DNEL Derived no effect level
DOT Department of Transportation
EC50 half maximal effective concentration
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

ErC50 Reduction of Growth Rate
ERG Emergency Response Guide Book
FDA Food and Drug Administration

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

GLP Good Laboratory Practice
GMO Genetic Modified Organism
HCS Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO-TI International Civil Aviation Organization- Technical Instructions

ICCA International Council of Chemical Association

ID Identification number

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
ISO International Organization For Standardization

LC50 50 % Lethal Concentration

LD50 50 % Lethal Dose **LC50** or **EC50**

LOAEL Lowest observed adverse effect level

LOEL Lowest observed effect level

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NFPA National Fire Protection Association
NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

o. c. open cup

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PEC Predicted effect concentration
PNEC Predicted no effect concentration

RQ Reportable Quantity SDS Safety Data Sheet

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UN United Nations

vPvB very persistent, very bioaccumulative

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VOC WHMIS WHO volatile organic compounds Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System World Health Organization